| | Снартег |
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| | Section Summary |
| | SECTION 2 THE CLINTON PRESIDENCY |
| READING CHECK | After 12 years of Republicans in the White House, Americans |
| What was the goal of Hillary Clinton's proposal? | made a change in 1992. The Democrats nominated William Jefferson Clinton, governor of Arkansas, to run against President Bush. Texas billionaire H. Ross Perot ran as an independent. Clinton carried the election, and Democrats retained control of Congress. Shortly after taking office, Clinton signed the Family Medical Leave Act. It guaranteed most full-time employees time off without pay for personal or family medical reasons. Clinton also signed the Brady Bill. That bill placed a five-day waiting period on sales of handguns. Clinton's wife, Hillary, led a task force that proposed a program to provide healthcare |
| VOCABULARY STRATEGY Find the word <i>ultimately</i> in the | for all Americans. <u>Her proposal never won congressional</u> support and was ultimately dropped. During the 1994 midterm elections, Georgia congressman Newt Gingrich introduced his Contract With America . It was |
| underlined sentence. The term finally is a synonym of ultimately. | a plan that attacked big government and emphasized patrio- |
| Use this synonym to help you figure out what <i>ultimately</i> means | tism and traditional values. Republicans won control of the |
| in this sentence. | House, the Senate, and most state governorships. Once in office, the Republicans passed much of Gingrich's program. In 1996, Clinton was reelected by a wide margin. However, Congress remained under Republican control. President Clinton had dodged scandals from his first day in office. One scandal concerned investments the Clintons had made. Special prosecutor Kenneth Starr investigated the case. In seven years, he failed to uncover evidence of the Clintons' guilt. In the process, however, he began investigating the President's relationship with a White House intern. Clinton admitted he had lied about the affair, and Starr recommended |
| READING SKILL Summarize What were the most significant events of Clinton's presidency? | impeachment proceedings. The House of Representatives impeached Clinton on charges of perjury and obstruction of justice. He was tried and acquitted on both counts by the Senate in February 1999. |
| | Review Questions1. What two bills did President Clinton sign after taking office? |
| | 2. What was the Contract With America? |
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Name _____ Class ____ Date ____